# COINS in CAVE POOLS: IS it a PROBLEM? SHOULD it be MANAGED?

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#### **Abstract**

Throwing coins into pools of water for good luck, having a wish granted, to receive a religious blessing and as a charity fundraiser, is a widespread practice across many cultures. Sites where this regularly occurs includes pools in gardens, fountains, memorial pools and caves. While this practice historically occurred at several show cave sites in Australia and New Zealand it has largely ceased in these two countries due to management actions. However, the practice of throwing coins into pools of water is widespread in many other countries including the United States of America and many Asian and European countries. This paper will raise and consider some issues regarding the practice of throwing coins into pools in caves, including why people do it, are there issues for cave conservation and management, should the practice be managed and is more study required re this issue. This paper specifically seeks to raise discussion on this issue, rather than to criticise the practice. Therefore, except for some historical examples, specific caves will not be mentioned in this paper and photos showing examples of coins thrown in caves will not include the name of the cave.

#### Coins in Cave Pools

Coins being tossed into pools of water is a widespread and long-standing human practice. We see it regularly: in pools in gardens and natural areas, in fountains, memorial pools and gardens, in front of religious statues. Coins being thrown into cave pools has traditionally occurred in Asia, many parts of Europe, North America, South America, New Zealand and Australia.

This short paper will consider:

- Why people might throw coins into water?
- Should the practice be managed in caves?
- Is more study required on this issue?
- Issues regarding what happens to the coins.

This paper does not set out to criticise any current practice occurring in caves but to raise some questions and promote discussion.

# Why do people throw coins into pools?

The author has not been able to locate any detailed research on this practice. The varied reasons commonly given for throwing coins include:

- · Receiving good luck.
- Having a wish granted.
- · Receiving a religions blessing.
- Following the lead set by others.
- Fun or challenge to have a coin land in a given place.

 A traditional fund raiser, and there are many impressive examples of this in relation to wishing wells in caves.

#### Are there issues with coins in caves?

The research is limited but coins do change the natural appearance of the places where they are thrown. This may be a stream or pool, mud walls or ceilings. Bluegreen staining from coins in common. Water chemistry can be altered and there can be changes to aquatic life. The pool and its surrounds may also be damaged if the coins are collected.

Thrown coins also change the aesthetics of caves. However, beauty is in the eye of the beholder and while some may find changes to the natural appearance distressing, others may find the blue-green stains left by coins add to the beauty of the cave.

Following are three examples from Australasian show caves where 'wishing wells' have caused alterations to the cave appearance and ecology.

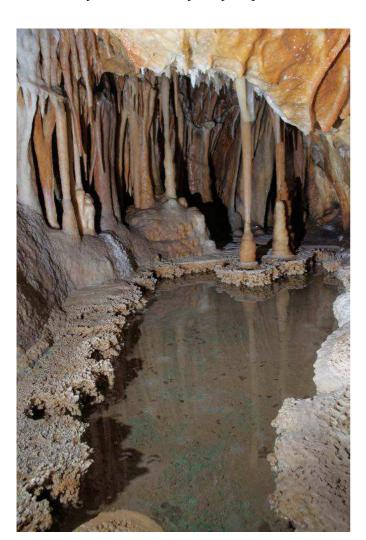
# Example 1: Jillabenan Cave at Yarrangobilly Caves in New South Wales.

This cave was opened as a show cave in 1914. At some stage a pool known as the Bath of Venus was modified and became a wishing well. In approximately 1967, the caves were closed to be redeveloped as part of a prisoner workforce project, and were reopened in approximately 1970. Since then the pool has not been promoted as a wishing well and any 'tossed' coins have been retrieved by staff. However today, more than 45 years after the pool was last used as a wishing well, the blue-green stains from past coins remain.



Bath of Venus prior to 1928. The photographer is unknown. John Brush re-photographed this photo which is now part of the historic collection at Yarrangobilly Caves.

Below. The Bath of Venus in 2014. The blue-green stains from past coins remain more than 45 years since the pool was used as a wishing well. The 'splotches' in the pool are shadows cast by the calcite rafts which have now formed on the surface of the pool.



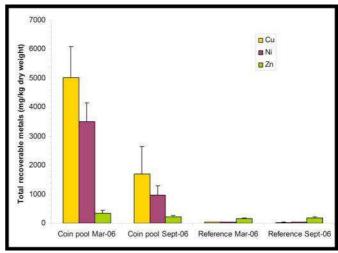


This photograph was taken by Leo Hoad in 1928 and was part of a postcard series. It too has been rephotographed by John Brush. The photo shows that the floor of the pool has been altered and raised and the pool is now being used as a wishing well.

# Example 2: Aranui Cave, Waitomo, New Zealand

Dr Mike Scarsbrook and colleagues did some water sampling in the cave in March 2006. Samples were collected at the wishing well site and at a reference location elsewhere in the cave. Copper and nickel (prominent in New Zealand coins) were significantly higher at the wishing well site than at the reference site. All coins were removed from the wishing well in April 2006 (1.7 kg dry weight). At that time a fauna survey showed only microbial fauna at the wishing well site with lower biodiversity than at the reference site.

Further water samples were collected from the two sites in September 2006 and the copper and nickel content at the wishing well site had dropped since the March sampling. The reference site measurements had not altered.



Recoverable metals, Aranui Cave. Illustration by Mike Scarsbook and provided by Andy Spate

### **Example 3: Jenolan Caves, New South Wales**

At Jenolan Caves money was traditionally collected in two caves at sites known as hospital boxes and distributed to the hospitals at Lithgow and Bathurst. In 1910 alone £66 was collected from these 'boxes'. A significant amount of money for the time and an example of the long-standing relationship between 'wishing wells' and charity fundraising.

# Wishing wells and coin throwing; some international examples.

The following photos show some examples of coins in caves from different international sites. The specific sites will not be named as the intention is to raise discussion on the practice rather than focus on individual cave sites.



Wishing well in cave in Korea. Photo: Andy Spate.

Former hospital box in the Mafeking Chamber, Jenolan Caves. It is uncertain when the practice of coin collection here was ceased but the blue-green colour remains today.

Photo: Sasa Kennedy.



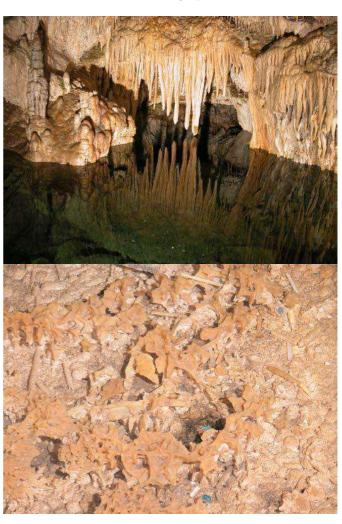


Above right. Scoop used historically to collect coins from the hospital boxes at Jenolan Caves. Photo: Sasa Kennedy.

Right top. Coins in a cave pool in Europe.

Right bottom. Close-up of the pool floor.

Photos: Steve Bourne



Page 7 ACKMA Journal No. 99 June 2015



An ice cave in Europe. While coins are often thrown into a single pool or 'wishing well', in many caves coins are thrown spontaneously so that the coins are scattered in several places in the cave. Should we be concerned about the possible impacts of coins in an ice cave like this when the impacts of climate change are already altering the cave environment?

Photo: Steve Bourne



Wishing well in a cave in Europe. Photo: John Brush

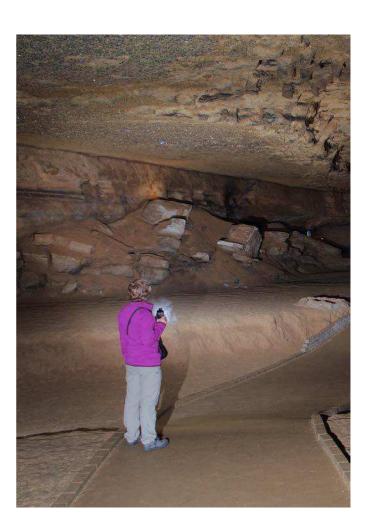


A small pool in a cave in Europe. There are three coins visible in the pool. This small pool included some exquisitely beautiful cave pearls. For the author, the sight of the coins marred the natural beauty of the pool and started her considering the issues of coins in caves.

Photo: John Brush



Cave in Europe. Photo: John Brush



Cave in the USA. The throwing of coins into the ceiling is encouraged in return for making a wish. The cave owners apparently clean the cave ceiling of coins annually and donate the money to charity. Photo: John Brush



Cave in the USA. Close up of image previous page. Photo: John Brush



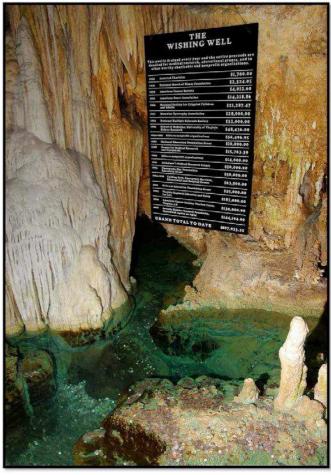
Cave in the USA. Close up of image previous page. Photo: John Brush

# Should the practice of coin throwing in caves be managed?

Should we be concerned with this widespread and traditional practice? Do the impacts of coins even matter given the amount of alteration that occurs in a show cave to allow visitations, e.g. lights, paths, railings along with the impacts associated with large volumes of people?

Would more research be helpful? Research could better quantify the impacts of coins on the cave environment but also consider why people throw coins in caves and perhaps look at alternatives that might satisfy the needs of the visitor as well as protecting the cave. Professor Kyung Sik Woo advises that an artificial pool with a statue of the Buddha was placed in a cave in Korea and people confined their coins to this pool rather than elsewhere in the cave.

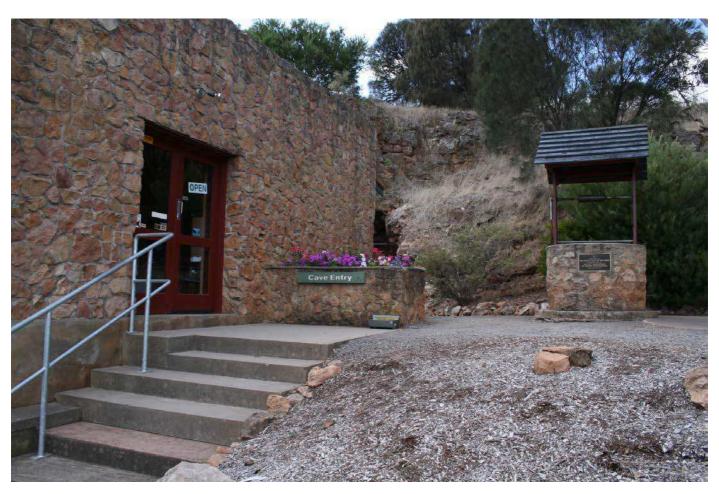
Does encouraging coins to be thrown in one cave encourage visitors to throw coins in other caves where the cave managers are seeking to discourage the practice? Would an external or stand-alone wishing well



This cave in the USA has collected significant amounts of money for charity in this wishing well. The sign summarises the amounts collected from 1954 until 2008. *In* 1954 \$1700 was collected. *In* 2008, \$144 000—a total of \$898 000 up to 2008. During discussions when I presented this paper at the International Show Caves Association Conference (ISCA) in 2014, a manager from this cave advised that they have considered closing the wishing well for environmental reasons, but that it is too lucrative for charity. Besides coins, other valuables such as paper money, wedding and engagement rings are regularly thrown into the pool. Comments posted on the internet in relation to this cave show the different responses. Whereas some people find the blue-green colour adds to beauty of the cave, others dislike the damage caused by the wishing well but are full of praise for the charity fund-raising. Photo: John Brush.

be a suitable alternative? This was previously done at Tantanoola Cave in South Australia but perhaps is not as romantic or appealing as a natural-looking pool.

Should the coins be collected? In some places they are, in other places they are deliberately left where they land. Damage can be caused in collecting coins in vulnerable cave locations. In some places when coins have been collected they have had little value due to their degradation. International coins may also have little value and there are costs when converting currencies. The Australian government gives all monies collected from the pools and fountains at Parliament House, Canberra to the international charity UNICEF.



Wishing well previously at Tantanoola Cave, South Australia. This was built by the service club Rotary International. Former cave manager Steve Bourne reports that when the entrance to the cave was being redeveloped he contacted the local branch of Rotary regarding the relocation of the wishing well. No current active members of the club were aware of the wishing well and no one could remember when it had last been cleared of coins. Two 10 litre drums of coins were subsequently collected from the well, but the money had to be discarded due to degradation from being in water for so long. Photo: Steve Bourne

#### Some additional input

Since presenting this paper at the ISCA conference 2014, the following input on this issue:

Nurul Hidayah from Dark Cave, Malaysia reports that a decision was made not to encourage any coin throwing in the cave and that, any coins are collected as soon as they are noticed. However, as coin throwing is not encouraged, very few coins are actually thrown in the cave. Coin throwing is a common practice at nearby caves.

Allen Mathis from DeSoto Caverns, Alabama USA ,advised that they had recently commenced a wishing well. It has a net-liner in it that can be lifted out once a week so coins do not accumulate in the cave. The money collected is used for a staff support fund to assist staff in times of illness and sudden crisis. Allen added that 'today's wishing well utilises a shallow well dug by Confederate soldiers in 1865 to get water for the process of leaching nitrates from the soil of the cave to make gun powder.' He proudly concluded 'now the well is used to help people not to help kill them.' Al's input widened the author's perspective on the social side of wishing wells.

In Australia we have a national health system. No so in many countries, including the USA, and the funds raised in wishing wells can provide significant and necessary financial support.

### In conclusion

There is a long history of people throwing coins into pools of water both in and outside of caves and also a long history of money collected in cave wishing wells being donated to charities. But are these traditional practices in tune with current thinking on best practice show cave management? Is it time for further discussion and thinking?

### Acknowledgements

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